

## How To Dig, Stack Peanuts

(Continued from page 1)  
this is done the plow will pull over to the right. This share will cut a strip wide enough to insure cutting all the roots loose but will not lift them out of the ground.

The lifting, however, can be accomplished by using a set of four sharp fingers on the back edge of the share. These fingers should not be over 10 inches long and should rise from the back edge of the plow share at an angle of about 15 to 20 degrees of horizontal. These fingers should be turned down slightly to avoid shoving.

The plow should operate four to six inches to the left of the center of the peanut row so that all bunches will pass plow shin to the right.

### Digging Runners

For digging runner peanuts the two-horse plow as remodeled for Spanish peanuts is used by making a round to the row, being sure to run the end of the share so as to cut the roots of the share so as to cut the roots of the share so as to

A better digging device, however, is a 24- or 26-inch steel strap attached to two standards of the two-mile cultivator. This bar may be made from a piece of old grader blade with holes punched for the front end. It is necessary to turn the edge of the bar to the cutting edge. A section of a heavy truck spring may be shaped to do this job. On this type of digger the ends of the spring may be turned back and up so that it will fit the feet of the cultivator. Holes should be punched large enough to take the regular knock-on heel bolt.

### Stacking Peanuts

As soon as the peanut vine is well developed, stack the vines. The stacking of peanuts is slightly different from stacking hay. The best method as indicated by field observation is as follows:

1. Allow the cotton bolls to open wide before picking.

2. If cotton is picked with manure, soil or plant moisture on it, spread cotton out on sheets in the fields and give it a chance to dry in the fields before loading

the vines or bunches about one foot off the ground.

Counts made indicate that

there are about 25 peanut stacks to the acre and the job of getting these cut, barked and pointed will be a good job to get done before harvesting begins.

It is possible to stack Spanish peanuts with the nuts turned toward the stack pole. The outside of the stack should be kept higher so that in settling the stack will cling to the stack pole.

Vines should be stacked well up around the stack pole and should be capped with some kind of grass or weeds.

Peanuts should be thoroughly cured in the stack before they are picked. This usually requires four to six weeks, depending on weather conditions.



## Garden Pointers For August

By W. A. RUFFIN  
Extension Gardener

PLANTINGS for the fall garden made during August must grow in the hottest, driest part of the year. Therefore, it is very important that everything possible be done to insure an adequate supply of moisture in the soil.

The best place to plant the fall garden is near a small stream but if this is not available upland in the sun is the best place and heavy loam soil (never plow on deep sand) is advisable. Broadcast 10 to 15 loads of stable fertilizer and flat break the ground 4 to 6 weeks before time to plant. No tilling under a heavy crop of weeds. Fall sowing of fall vegetables at the rate of 4 to 6 pounds per 100 feet, fix rows two weeks before planting, and when ready to plant freshen the row with a garden rake and sow small seed such as carrots, beets and turnips in thin, half-inch deep. Water or soil when sowing over seed and cover lightly.

The following vegetables should be planted during August: beans (stringless green pod, Kentucky wonder, Jackson wonder), beets (Detroit Red), broccoli (white sprouting), carrots (Chantenay), endive (green curled—may be sown in box), English peaches (Thomas Laxton), Irish potatoes (Bliss Triumph—p a t s), kohlrabi (white turnip), onions (American purple top), squash (Acorn, Early Prolific Straight Neck), and turnips (mixture of Seven-top, Shogoin and tendergreen).

It is important that the gardeners be sure to plant the right variety of each vegetable. The following are good: turnips (Acorn, Early Prolific Straight Neck), and turnips (mixture of Seven-top, Shogoin and tendergreen).

5. In this the ginner gin cotton with a loose seed roll.

6. Cotton-picked cotton will have a more uniform quality and linters produced. These linters are badly needed in the production of smokeless powder. Any trash left in linters reduces its use for this purpose.

### It's Scrap Harvest Time

REPORTS indicate that all Alabama farmers are cooperating in the National Scrap Harvest by gathering scrap on their farms and selling it to the local junk dealers.

If any reader of this publication has not already done so, we suggest that this be done immediately.

It will help win the war; also bring you a little cash.

**Seed Tested**

FARMERS wishing to have seed tested are advised by Dr. O. L. Dickey, seed analyst of the State Department of Agriculture that the seed laboratory in Montgomery will take seed samples up to August 15. In sending samples farmers should state the variety of seed and the approximate quantity represented by the sample.

This old-time winter turnip has been grown for over 50 years by Alabama Extension Director P. C. Davis' wife, Mrs. Mary Estes. Recent work by the Alabama Experiment Station has improved the strain. Since this turnip develops largely underground and is well protected, it resists cold weather exceedingly well. It is planted in the fall.

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## THE ELBA CLIPPER

Published Every Thursday Morning

R. C. Bryan Owner-Publisher

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July 18, 1942, at the Post Office  
at Elba, Alabama, under Act of  
Congress of March 3, 1879.SUBSCRIPTION PRICE  
One Year \$1.50  
Six Months .75  
CASH IN ADVANCEBABSON PRAISES UNITED  
STATES NEWSPAPERS

Roger W. Babson, one of the nation's top-flight economists, gave unstinted praise to the nation's newspapers for their part in the war effort in a copyrighted article in Sunday's Birmingham News.

There are very few newspapers

in the world that still have

not opened their columns to Uncle Sam and their respective communities in this emergency, and the Birmingham is one of the few that has done so.

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OFFICIAL UNITED STATES TREASURY  
ALABAMA  
WAR BOND QUOTAS  
FOR AUGUST

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 10.—Henry Morgenthau, Jr., Secretary of the Treasury, today announced the August War Bond Quotas for the 3,070 counties in the nation totalling \$815,000,000.

The August quota for the State of Alabama is \$7,250,000.

In arriving at the county quotas for August the Treasury Department took into consideration major factors affecting income which in turn cause significant variations in sales during the month.

Hereafter actual Bond sales in the various states will be compared with quotas on a cumulative basis. The amount by which sales fall short of or exceed quotas in any month will be added to or subtracted from quotas for future months.

Totals by counties are:

Autauga, \$15,100; Baldwin, \$40,300; Barbour, \$38,700; Bibb, \$10,000; Blount, \$10,500; Lauderdale, \$80,400; Lawrence, \$10,000; Lee, \$10,900; Limestone, \$34,300; Lowndes, \$10,000; Madison, \$20,500; Marengo, \$32,600; Madison, \$20,500; Morencs, \$37,300; Marion, \$24,100; Monroe, \$20,000; Perry, \$16,000; Coffee, \$10,500; Conecuh, \$10,000; Crenson, \$5,500; Cullman, \$12,600; Dallas, \$50,500; De Kalb, \$40,800; Elmore, \$10,000; Escambia, \$39,300; St. Clair, \$27,600; Shelby, \$30,600; St. Louis, \$10,000; Tuscaloosa, \$15,100; Tallapoosa, \$10,000; Walker, \$76,500; Washington, \$11,200; Wilcox, \$14,900; Winston, \$9,300; Pike, \$45,600; Tuscaloosa, \$10,000; De Kalb, \$40,800; Elmore, \$10,000; Escambia, \$39,300; Fayette, \$37,900; Franklin, \$38,000; Geneva, \$29,300; Greene, \$10,600; Hale, \$13,900; Henry, \$21,500; Howard, \$10,000; Jefferson, \$10,000; Madison, \$10,000; Marion, \$10,000; Monroe, \$10,000; Morgan, \$104,300; Randolph, \$10,000; St. Louis, \$10,000; Russell, \$44,300; St. Clair, \$27,600; Shelby, \$30,600; St. Louis, \$10,000; Tuscaloosa, \$15,100; Tallapoosa, \$10,000; Walker, \$76,500; Washington, \$11,200; Wilcox, \$14,900; Winston, \$9,300.

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